

SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech. II Year I Semester Regular Examinations February-2025
NUMERICAL METHODS & TRANSFORM TECHNIQUES
(Mechanical Engineering)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART-A

(Answer all the Questions 10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

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|---|---|---|-----|----|----|
| 1 | a | Write the formula to find the root of an equation by Regula Falsi method. | CO1 | L2 | 2M |
| | b | Compare Jacoby and Gauss Seidel methods. | CO1 | L5 | 2M |
| | c | Write Newton's forward interpolation formulae. | CO2 | L1 | 2M |
| | d | Write Lagrange's interpolation formulae. | CO2 | L1 | 2M |
| | e | Write Taylor's formula for $y(x_1)$ to solve $y' = f(x, y)$ with $y(x_0) = y_0$. | CO3 | L1 | 2M |
| | f | Write the formula for Runge – Kutta method of fourth order. | CO4 | L1 | 2M |
| | g | State Change of Scale Property. | CO5 | L1 | 2M |
| | h | State Convolution Theorem. | CO5 | L1 | 2M |
| | i | Write the conditions for Fourier Series Expansion. | CO6 | L1 | 2M |
| | j | State the shifting property of Fourier Transform. | CO6 | L1 | 2M |

PART-B

(Answer all Five Units 5 x 10 = 50 Marks)

UNIT-I

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|---|---|--|-----|----|----|
| 2 | a | Find a positive root of the equation $x^3 - x - 1 = 0$ by Bisection method. | CO1 | L1 | 5M |
| | b | Find out the square root of 25 given $x_0 = 2.0$, $x_1 = 7.0$ using Bisection method. | CO1 | L1 | 5M |
- OR**
- | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|-----|----|-----|
| 3 | | Find a real root of the equation $e^x \sin x = 1$ using Newton – Raphson method. | CO1 | L1 | 10M |
|---|--|--|-----|----|-----|

UNIT-II

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|---|---|--|-----|----|----|
| 4 | a | Using Newton's forward interpolation formula and the given table of values | CO2 | L3 | 5M |
|---|---|--|-----|----|----|

x	1	1.4	1.8	2.2
f(x)	3.49	4.82	5.96	6.5

Obtain the value of $f(x)$ when $x=1.6$.

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|---|--|---|-----|----|----|
| b | | Applying Newton's forward interpolation formula, compute the value of $\sqrt{5.5}$ given that $\sqrt{5} = 2.236$; $\sqrt{6} = 2.449$; $\sqrt{7} = 2.646$; $\sqrt{8} = 2.828$. | CO2 | L3 | 5M |
|---|--|---|-----|----|----|

OR

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|---|--|--|-----|----|-----|
| 5 | | By method of least squares fit a straight line to the following data ; | CO2 | L3 | 10M |
|---|--|--|-----|----|-----|

X	1	2	3	4	5
y	14	27	40	55	68

UNIT-III

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|---|--|--|-----|----|-----|
| 6 | | Tabulate $y(0.1)$, $y(0.2)$ and $y(0.3)$ using Taylor's series method given that $y^1 = y^2 + x$ and $y(0) = 1$. | CO3 | L3 | 10M |
|---|--|--|-----|----|-----|

OR

- 7 Using Runge – Kutta method of fourth order, solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 - y$, $y(0) = 1$. CO4 L3 10M
Find (0.1) and y(0.2)

UNIT-IV

- 8 a Find the Laplace transform of $f(t) = \left(\sqrt{t} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{t}}\right)^3$. CO5 L3 5M

- b Find the Laplace transform of $e^{4t} \sin 2t \cos t$. CO5 L3 5M

OR

- 9 a Find $L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{(s^2+5^2)^2} \right\}$, using Convolution theorem. CO5 L3 5M

- b Find $L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s^2}{(s^2+4)(s^2+25)} \right\}$, using Convolution theorem. CO5 L3 5M

UNIT-V

- 10 Obtain the Fourier series expansion of $f(x) = x^2$ in $0 < x < 2\pi$. CO6 L3 10M

OR

- 11 Find the Finite Fourier sine transform of $f(x)=2x$, where $0 < x < 2\pi$. CO6 L1 10M

*** END ***

